What is claimed is:

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- 1. A method of effecting heart contractility in a patient comprising:
- placing an electrode in communication with at least one ganglion along the sympathetic nerve chain of the patient, said at least one ganglion being associated with heart contractility;
- applying an electric signal to the electrode to stimulate the at least one ganglion; and

adjusting at least one parameter of the electric signal until heart contractility has been effected.

- The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one ganglion is selected from the group consisting of T-1 through T-4 ganglia, cervical ganglia, and combinations thereof.
 - 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the electrical signal is applied continuously.
 - 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the electrical signal is applied intermittently.
 - 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the application of the electrical signal to stimulate the at least one ganglion is effective in modulating heart contractility.
 - 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the parameter is pulse frequency adjustable between about 2 Hz to about 2500 Hz.
 - 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the patient has heart failure associated with cardiomyopathy.
 - 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the patient has a heart contractility disorder.
 - 9. The method of claim 8, wherein the heart contractility disorder is cardiomyopathy.
- The method of claim 9, wherein the heart contractility disorder is hypertrophic cardiomyopathy.
 - 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the parameter is pulse width adjustable between about 10 microseconds to about 1,000 microseconds.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the parameter is pulse amplitude adjustable between about $0.1 \mu V$ to about 20 V.

- 13. The method of claim 1, further comprising administering an amount of a pharmaceutical agent to the at least one ganglion.
- The method of claim 13, wherein the amount is determined based upon the effectiveness of the electrical stimulation of the at least one ganglion.
 - 15. The method of claim 13, wherein the administration of the therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical agent is accomplished by a catheter coupled to a pump.
 - 16. The method of claim 15, wherein the catheter is placed in communication with the at least one ganglion along the sympathetic nerve chain of the patient.
- 10 17. The method of claim 1, further comprising sensing a signal related to heart contractility.
 - 18. The method of claim 17, wherein the signal is an electrical signal.
 - 19. The method of claim 17, wherein the signal is a chemical signal.

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- 19. The method of claim 17, further comprising regulating the electrical stimulation in response to said signal.
- 20. A method of effecting coagolapathies in a patient comprising:

placing an electrode in communication with at least one ganglion along the sympathetic nerve chain of the patient, said at least one ganglion being associated with a coagolapathy;

applying an electric signal to the electrode to stimulate the at least one ganglion; and

adjusting at least one parameter of the electric signal until the coagolapathy has been effected.

- 21. The method of claim 21, further comprising administering an amount of a pharmaceutical agent to the at least one ganglion.
 - 22. The method of claim 22, wherein the amount is determined based upon the effectiveness of the electrical stimulation of the at least one ganglion.
- The method of claim 22, wherein the administration of the therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical agent is accomplished by a catheter coupled to a pump.
 - 24. The method of claim 24, wherein the catheter is placed in communication with the at least one ganglion along the sympathetic nerve chain of the patient.

- 25. The method of claim 21, further comprising sensing a signal related to the coagolapathy.
- 27. The method of claim 26, wherein the signal is an electrical signal.
- 28. The method of claim 26, wherein the signal is a chemical signal.

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- 29. The method of claim 26, further comprising regulating the electric stimulation in response to said signal.
- The method of claim 21, wherein the electrical stimulation is effective in releasing tissue plasminogen activator.
 - 31. The method of claim 21, wherein the electrical stimulation is effective in modulating angiotensin II.
 - 32. A method of effecting a bronchial disorder in a patient comprising:

 placing an electrode in communication with at least one ganglion along the sympathetic nerve chain of the patient, said at least one ganglion being associated with the bronchial disorder;

applying an electric signal to the electrode to stimulate the at least one ganglion; and

adjusting at least one parameter of the electric signal until the bronchial disorder has been effected.